WHITE COUNTY: Key Data Points

- The county observes a higher percentage of low birth weight than the state of Indiana overall, 8.3 versus 7.9% respectively
- The county observed higher percentage of women having preterm babies than does the state of Indiana overall, 11.7% versus 9.9% respectively
- The percentage of women breastfeeding on discharge is almost 5% higher in the county than the entire state, 65.5% versus 63.2% respectively
- White county witnessed 13 accidental deaths (8 of which were motor vehicle), and 1 suicidal death

Note: All figures relate to 2003 data from the Indiana State Department of Health, unless otherwise specified

Figure 1. Births

	Total		White		Black		Other	
	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*
White County	325	13.1	321	13.1	0	0(U)	4	15.2(U)
INDIANA	86,382	13.9	75,422	13.7	9,288	17.5	1,672	10.6

^{*} births per 1,000 population; U = unstable rate, based on fewer than 20 births

Figure 2. Mortality

g			NUMBER				RATE*		
COUNTY OF RACE/ RESIDENCE ETHNICITY		Live Births	Infant Deaths (< 1 yr)	Neonatal Deaths (< 28 days)	Post Neonatal Deaths (28-364 days)	Infant Deaths (< 1 yr)	Neonatal Deaths (< 28 days)	Post Neonatal Deaths (28-364 days)	
White	All Races	325	4	3	1	**	**	**	
	White	321	4	3	1	**	**	**	
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Other	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Hispanic	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	
INDIANA	All Races	86,382	641	417	224	7.4	4.8	2.6	
	White	75,422	479	309	170	6.4	4.1	2.3	
	Black	9,288	148	98	50	15.9	10.6	5.4	
	Other	1,672	14	10	4	**	**	**	
	Hispanic	6,763	38	22	16	5.6	3.3	**	

^{*}rate per 1,000 live births **Numerator is less than 20 and the rate is unstable

Figure 3. Outcome Indicators of Mother, by Race

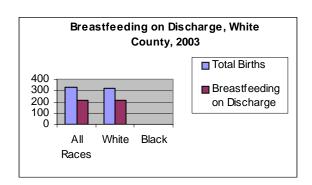
		Birth V	Veight			During P		
WHITE COUNTY	Total Births	% Low (< 2500 grams)	% Very Low (< 1500 grams)	% Preterm [†]	% PNC 1st Trimester ‡	% Alcohol		% Unmarried Parents
All Races	325	8.3	1.8	11.7	85.2	0	18.5	34.5
White	321	8.4	1.9	11.5	85.4	0	18.7	34.6
Black	0	**	**	**	**	**	**	**

		Birth V			During Pregnancy			
INDIANA	Total Births	% Low (< 2500 grams)	% Very Low (< 1500 grams)		% PNC 1st Trimester	% Alcohol	% Smoked	% Unmarried Parents
All Races	86,382	7.9	1.4	9.9	80.6	0.6	18.5	37.1
White	75,422	7.2	1.2	9.5	82.1	0.6	19.1	32.6
Black	9,288	13.3	3.3	13.3	68.2	1.1	15.2	76.3

[†] Preterm: less than 37 weeks gestation

Figure 4. Breastfeeding

WHITE COUNTY	All Races	White	Black
Total Births	325	321	0
Breastfeeding on Discharge	213	209	0
% Breastfeeding on Discharge	65.5	65.1	



[†] PNC: Prenatal Care

'S' Significantly different than the state percent

"**' Outcomes for this county are suppressed due to 20 or fewer total births

INDIANA	All Races	White	Black
Total Births	86,382	75,422	9,288
Breastfeeding on Discharge	54,636	49,385	3,959
% Breastfeeding on Discharge	63.2	65.5	42.6

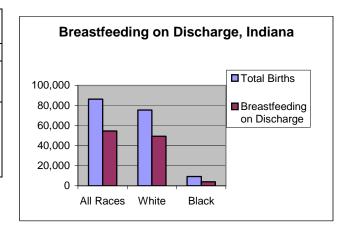


Figure 5. HIV/AIDS

	Total # of AIDS cases reported since 1982*	Total # of HIV cases reported since 1985*
WHITE COUNTY	6	6
INDIANA	7,641	3,856

^{*}data gathered from June 2005 HIV/STD Quarterly Report

Figure 6. Nutritional Risk Factors by Status,

Indiana WIC Clinics, Quarter Ending 09/30/2004

Local Agenc	ocal Agency: White County Memorial Hospital								
Counties Included: White, Carroll									
	Childr	en 1-5 y	ears of Ag	e			%		
Risk Factor or Status	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total	within Agency		
Overweight	8	0	7	0	0	15	3.6%		
At Risk for becoming Overweight	12	0	9	0	1	22	5.2%		

Local Agency: State Wide Counties Included: All

	Childr	en 1-5 y		%			
Risk Factor or Status	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total	within Agency
Overweight	1,732	445	800	12	97	3,086	4.8%
At Risk for becoming Overweight	2,023	485	639	11	124	3,282	5.1%

	Priority Issues (White & Indiana))	
	Demographics: Percentage of population enrolled in Medicaid, Percentage of population enrolled in Food Stamps.	White	Indiana
2	% of Population enrolled in Medicaid as of June 2003	13.1	12.4
3	% of Population in Food Stamps Program, 2004	6.8	8.6
I	Priority #1 (pregnancy outcomes): Average Infant Mortality Rate, Average Fetal death Rate	White	Indiana
1	Av Total Infant Death Rate (1993-2002)	6.6	8.1
2	Average Fetal Death Rate (1994-2003)	6.9	6.7
I	Priority #2 (reduce barriers): Health Professional Shortage Areas, Percentage of women with prenatal care in first trimester	White	Indiana
1	Scores for Primary Care Health Professional Shortage Areas (HPSAs) (2005)	No Score	NA
2	% PNC 1st Trimester†, 2003	85.2	80.6
P	riority #4 (environmental): Prevalence of asthma, Childhood lead poisoning	White	Indiana
1	Prevalence of Asthma in a Medicaid Cohort of Children age 0-17 years, 2003	8.6	10.4
2	%Estimated Lead Blood Levels (%EBLL) for Children under 6 years old FY 2004-2005	NA	2.1
	Priority #5 (tobacco): Percentage of mothers who smoked during pregnancy, Percentage of Adult Smoking	White	Indiana
1	% of mothers Smoked During Pregnancy, 2003	18.5	18.5
2	% of Adult Smoking in 2003	28.4	29.3
	Priority #7 (adolescent risk behaviors): Adolescent deaths due to motor vehicle accidents, Chlamydia rates (ages 15-24).	White	Indiana
1	Number of Adolescent (15-24) deaths due to Motor vehicle accidents (2001-2003)	1	748
2	Chlamydia rates per 100,000 county specific population (15-24yrs of Age)	432.23	1541.49
	Priority #8 (obesity): Obesity in pregnant women	White	Indiana
1	Number of Obese Pregnant Women In Indiana, 2003	6	2,496
Pr	riority #9 (domestic violence, childhood injury): Child deaths due to Injury, Child abuse and neglect rates	White	Indiana
1	Child deaths due to Injury 1-14yrs (2001-2003)	2	257
2	Child Abuse and Neglect per 1,000 Population under age 18, 2004	7.1	13.5
]	Priority #10 (To improve racial and ethnic disparities in women of childbearing age, mothers, and children's health outcomes): Percentage of Hispanic Population of any Race, LBW Disparity Ratio	White	Indiana
	% of Hispanic Population of any Race, July,1,2004	6.8	4.3
1	70 of Hispanic Population of any Race, July, 1,2004	0.0	1.5

Source: Data Analysis Team, ISDH. **Notes:** 1. NS= Not Stable 2. NA = Not Available 3. Infant Mortality rate and Fetal Death rate is for 1000 live births. 4. Low Birth Weight: Birth Weight Less than 2,500grams. 5. HPSA Score ranges 1 – 25. The higher the score, the higher the need. 6. EBLL: Ten (10) micrograms of lead per deciliter of whole blood for one venous test; %EBLL is based on screening rate of 27% Statewide, unduplicated kids 7. Obesity in Pregnant Women determined by "Concurrent Illness Obesity" checkbox on the birth certificate 8. PNC percentages are calculated using total births in each county.